

Matrices, Simultaneous Equations and Applications to Intersections of Planes (from OCR 4726)

Q1, (Jan 2007, Q10)

(i)	$\Delta = \det \mathbf{D} = 3a - 6$	M1	7	Show correct expansion process for 3 x 3 Correct evaluation of any 2 x 2 det Obtain correct answer Show correct process for adjoint entries Obtain at least 4 correct entries in adjoint
(ii)	$\mathbf{D}^{-1} = \frac{1}{\Delta} \begin{pmatrix} 3 & -2 & 4 \\ -3 & a & -2a \\ -3 & a & a-6 \end{pmatrix}$ $\frac{1}{\Delta} \begin{pmatrix} 5 \\ 2a-9 \\ 5a-15 \end{pmatrix}$	M1 A1A1A1 ft all 3	4	Divide by their determinant Obtain completely correct answer
				<b>11</b>
				Attempt product of form $\mathbf{D}^{-1}\mathbf{C}$ , or eliminate to get 2 equations and solve Obtain correct answers, ft their inverse

(iii) The equations are consistent so the planes intersect at the point B1

$$\frac{1}{\Delta} \begin{pmatrix} 5 \\ 2a-9 \\ 5a-15 \end{pmatrix}$$


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**Q2, (Jun 2006, Q8)**

(i)	M1		Correct expansion process shown
$a \begin{bmatrix} a & 0 \\ 2 & 1 \end{bmatrix} - 4 \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} + 2 \begin{bmatrix} 1 & a \\ 1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$	A1		Obtain correct unsimplified expression
$a^2 - 2a$	A1	3	Obtain correct answer
(ii)	M1		Solve their $\det \mathbf{M} = 0$
$a = 0$ or $a = 2$	A1A1ft	3	Obtain correct answers
(iii) (a) <i>det M ≠ 0 ∴ Solutions</i>	B1 B1		Solution, as inverse matrix exists or $\mathbf{M}$ non-singular or $\det \mathbf{M} \neq 0$
(b) <i>Infinite solutions since equations consistent</i>	B1 B1	4	Solutions, eqn. 1 is multiple of eqn 3
		<b>10</b>	

(iv)(a) A single solution so planes meet at a point (B1)

(b) All terms of equation 1 are multiples of equations 3 so planes 1 and 3 are identical, therefore the planes intersect in a line.

**Q3, (Jun 2009, Q9)**

(i)	M1		Correct expansion process shown
$a \begin{vmatrix} a & 1 \\ 1 & 2 \end{vmatrix} - \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 \end{vmatrix} + \begin{vmatrix} 1 & a \\ 1 & 1 \end{vmatrix}$	A1		Obtain correct unsimplified expression
$2a^2 - 2a$	A1	3	Obtain correct answer
(ii)	M1		Equate their det to 0
$a = 0$ or $1$	A1ft A1ft	3	Obtain correct answers, ft solving a quadratic
(iii) (a)	B1 B1		Equations consistent, but non unique solutions
(b)	B1 B1	4	Correct equations seen & inconsistent, no solutions
		<b>10</b>	

(iv)(a) Equations consistent so planes meet in a line (i.e. sheaf)

(b) Equations inconsistent so the three planes never intersect because planes 1 and 2 are parallel since the coefficients of x, y and z are multiples of each other (i.e. 1).

**Q4, (Jan 2010, Q9)**

(i)

$$\det \mathbf{A} = \Delta = 6a - 6$$

$$\mathbf{A}^{-1} = \frac{1}{\Delta} \begin{pmatrix} 3a-1 & a+1 & -4 \\ 1 & 2a-1 & -2 \\ -3 & -3 & 6 \end{pmatrix}$$

- M1 Show correct expansion process for  $3 \times 3$  or multiply adjoint by  $\mathbf{A}$
- M1 Correct evaluation of any  $2 \times 2$  at any stage
- A1 Obtain correct answer

- M1 Show correct process for adjoint entries
- A1 Obtain at least 4 correct entries in adjoint
- B1 Divide by their determinant
- A1 7 Obtain completely correct answer

(ii)  $\frac{1}{\Delta} \begin{pmatrix} 5a-7 \\ 4a-5 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix}$

- M1 Attempt product of form  $\mathbf{A}^{-1}\mathbf{C}$  or eliminate to get 2 equations and solve

- A1A1A1 Obtain correct answer  
ft all 3

4 S.C. if det now omitted, allow max A2 ft

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(iii) A single solution exists therefore the planes intersect at

$$\frac{1}{\Delta} \begin{pmatrix} 5a-7 \\ 4a-5 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix}$$

**(Jun 2012, Q10)**

(i)		$a^3 - 4a$	M1 M1 A1 [3]	Show correct expansion process for $3 \times 3$ Correct evaluation of any $2 \times 2$ Obtain correct answer
(ii)	(a)		B1 [1]	det $\mathbf{D} = 15$ so unique sol'n or solve to find correct solution $(-2/5, 1, 4/5)$
(ii)	(b)		B1 M1 A1 [3]	Their det $\mathbf{D} = 0$ , so non-unique solutions Attempt to solve equations with $a = 2$ Explain inconsistency with correct working
(ii)	(c)		B1 M1 A1 [3]	Their det $\mathbf{D} = 0$ , so non-unique solutions Attempt to solve equations with $a = 0$ Explain consistency with correct working

(iii)(a) Unique solutions so planes meet at a point.

(b) Equations inconsistent and planes non-parallel so the three planes never meet so form a triangular prism.

(c) Equations consistent so meet in a line and form a sheaf.

**Q6, (Jun 2015, Q9)**

(i)		$a^2 - 6a + 5$ $a = 5$ or $1$	M1 M1 M1 A1 M1 A1 [6]	Attempt to find det $\mathbf{D}$ Show correct process for a $3 \times 3$ , condone sign errors Show correct processes for a $2 \times 2$ Obtain correct answer Attempt to solve det $\mathbf{D} = 0$ Obtain correct answers
(ii)	(a)(b)		B1 B1 M1 A1 [4]	State unique solution State non unique solutions Attempt to solve equations with $a = 1$ Explain inconsistency with correct working <b>S.C. Answer to (i) wrong, allow correct unique/non-unique B1ft, B1ft only</b>

(iii)(a) Unique solution so planes meet at a point

(b) Equations inconsistent and planes not parallel, therefore the three planes form a triangular prism.